What is claimed is:

- 1. An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding an SBP1 polypeptide, or functional fragment thereof, selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) a nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide comprising amino acids 1-91 of SEQ ID NO:14, wherein said polypeptide binds Survivin;
- (b) a nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide comprising amino acids 85-125 of SEQ ID
 10 NO:14, wherein said polypeptide enhances cyclin B1/cdc2 kinase activity;
 - (c) a nucleic acid molecule encoding SEQ ID NO:14; and
- (d) a nucleic acid molecule that hybridizes to 15 the complement of the nucleic acid molecule of (a), (b) or (c) under highly stringent hybridization conditions, and encodes a polypeptide that binds Survivin or enhances cyclin B1/cdc2 kinase activity.
- 2. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, wherein said polypeptide is encoded by a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) nucleotides 1-273 of SEQ ID NO:13;
 - (b) nucleotides 253-375 of SEQ ID NO:13; and
- 25 (c) SEQ ID NO:13.
 - 3. A vector comprising the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.
 - 4. A recombinant cell comprising the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.

- 5. An oligonucleotide comprising at least 17 nucleotides capable of specifically hybridizing with a nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:13 or its complement.
- 5 6. The oligonucleotide of claim 5, wherein said oligonucleotide is labeled with a detectable label.
 - 7. A kit for detecting the presence of an SPB1 nucleic acid molecule, comprising at least one oligonucleotide according to claim 5.
- 10 8. An isolated SBP1 polypeptide, or functional fragment thereof, encoded by the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.
- 9. The SBP1 polypeptide of claim 8, wherein said polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence set forth as amino acids 1-91 of SEQ ID NO:14.
 - 10. The SBP1 polypeptide of claim 8, wherein said polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence set forth as amino acids 85-125 of SEQ ID NO:14.
- 11. The SBP1 polypeptide of claim 8, wherein said polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence set forth as SEQ ID NO:14.
- 12. A method for expression of an SBP1 polypeptide, said method comprising culturing the cell of claim 4 under conditions suitable for expression of said SBP1.
 - 13. An isolated antibody having specific reactivity with an SBP1 polypeptide according to claim 11.

- 14. The antibody of claim 13, wherein said antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
- 15. A cell line producing the monoclonal antibody of claim 14.
- 16. The antibody of claim 13, wherein said antibody is a polyclonal antibody.
 - 17. A transgenic non-human mammal expressing the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.
- 18. A method for detecting a SBP nucleic acid molecule in a sample, comprising contacting a sample containing nucleic acids with one or more oligonucleotides according to claim 5, wherein said contacting is effected under high stringency hybridization conditions, and detecting a nucleic acid molecule that hybridizes to said oligonucleotide.
- 19. A method of detecting a SBP nucleic acid molecule in a sample, comprising contacting said sample with two or more SBP oligonucleotides according to claim 5, amplifying a nucleic acid molecule, and detecting said amplification.
- 20. A method for detecting the presence of SBP1 in a sample, comprising contacting a sample with an antibody according to claim 13, and detecting the presence of specific binding of said antibody to said sample, thereby detecting the presence of a SBP1 in said sample.

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- 21. A method of identifying an effective agent that alters the association of SBP1 with a SBP1 associated polypeptide (SAP), comprising the steps of:
 - (a) contacting said SBP1 and said SAP polypeptide, under conditions that allow said SBP1 and SAP polypeptide to associate, with a compound; and
 - (b) detecting the altered association of said SBP1 and SAP polypeptide, thereby identifying a compound that is an effective agent for altering the association of said SBP1 with SAP.
- 22. A method of modulating apoptosis or cell division in a cell, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) introducing the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 into the cell; and
 - (b) expressing said SBP1 polypeptide or functional fragment in said cell, wherein the expression of said SBP1 polypeptide or functional fragment modulates apoptosis or cell division in said cell.
- 23. A method of modulating the level of apoptosis or cell division in a cell, comprising introducing an antisense nucleic acid molecule into the cell, wherein said antisense nucleic acid molecule specifically hybridizes to SEQ ID NO:13, wherein said hybridization reduces or inhibits the expression of SBP1 in said cell.

- 24. A therapeutic composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and a compound selected from the group consisting of a SBP polypeptide, a functional fragment of said SBP1, an SBP1 nucleic acid molecule, a SBP1 antisense nucleic acid molecule and an anti-SBP antibody.
- 25. A method of treating a pathology characterized by abnormal cell proliferation, comprising administering an effective amount of the composition according to claim 24.
 - 26. A method of diagnosing a pathology characterized by an increased or decreased level of SBP1 in a subject, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) obtaining a test sample from the subject;
 - (b) contacting said sample with an agent that can bind said SBP1 under suitable conditions, wherein said conditions allow specific binding of said agent to said SBP1; and
- (c) comparing the amount of said specific

 binding in said test sample with the amount of specific binding in a control sample, wherein an increased or decreased amount of said specific binding in said test sample as compared to said control sample is diagnostic of a pathology.
 - 27. The method of claim 26, wherein said agent is selected from the group consisting of an anti-SBP1 antibody, a SBP1 associated polypeptide (SAP), and a SBP1 nucleic acid molecule.

- 28. A method of modulating the level of apoptosis or cell division in a cell, comprising contacting the cell with a compound that effectively alters the association of SBP1 with a SAP in the cell, or that effectively alters the activity of SBP1 in the cell.
- 29. A method of identifying a site on Survivin that interacts with SBP1, said method comprising constructing a plurality of Survivin mutants; contacting said Survivin mutants with SBP1 or a Survivin-binding fragment therefrom under conditions that permit SBP1 binding to native Survivin; and selecting a Survivin mutant that does not bind to said SBP1 or Survivin-binding fragment therefrom, thereby identifying a site on Survivin that interacts with SBP1.

30. A method of identifying a site on Survivin that interacts with SBP1, said method comprising contacting Survivin with SBP1 or a Survivin-binding fragment therefrom under conditions that permit SBP1

20 binding to native Survivin; and identifying a site on Survivin that interacts with SBP1 using a method selected from mass spectrometry, photoaffinity labeling, nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR), X-ray crystallography or virtual computational methodology.

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31. The method of claim 30, wherein said virtual computational methodology is protein-protein docking prediction.

- 32. A method identifying a compound that binds to SBP1, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) contacting said SBP1 with a test compound, under conditions that allow said SBP1 and said compound to associate; and
 - (b) detecting a SBP1:compound complex, thereby identifying a compound that binds to said SBP1.
- 33. The method of claim 32, wherein said compound is identified using a method selected from mass spectrometry, nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR), or virtual computational methodology.
- 34. A chimeric protein comprising a SBP1 domain selected from the group consisting of a Survivin-binding domain and a cyclin-dependent kinase regulatory domain.